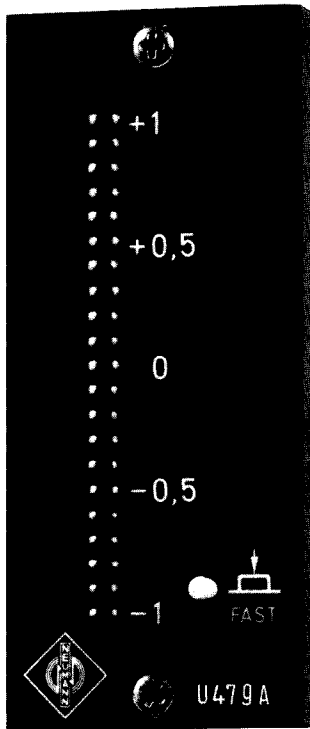


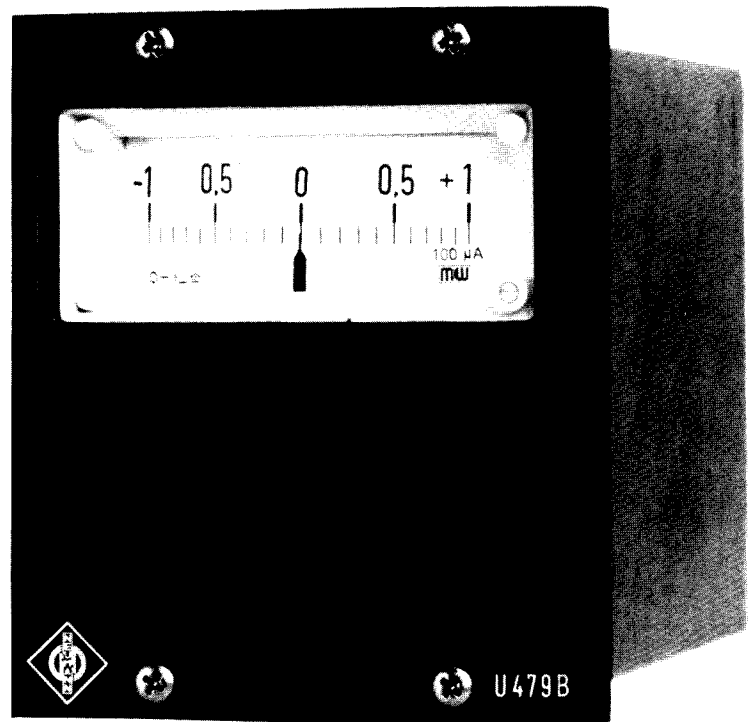


## U 479 Correlation Coefficient Meter

11446 80301.5



U 479 A



U 479 B

Studio recording always involves the use of several microphones. Their individual signal portions are combined and subsequently processed in the console. Upon monitoring such composite signals, distortion is frequently audible. In addition, a mono signal produced by adding left/right stereo signal portions may be unsatisfactory from an aesthetic standpoint due to the partial cancellation caused by signal portions in phase opposition.

The U 479 Correlation Coefficient Meter provides the studio engineer with a device for monitoring the phase relationship of stereo signals in a special way.

By contrast to an ordinary phase meter, the indication on the U 479 remains uninfluenced by differences in level between the two input channels. This is the result of severe compression of each of the two signals before being processed for indication. Many so-called "compatibility meters" on the market fail to include this important step. The U 479 is not a compatibility meter in that sense. While a negative indication is to be under-

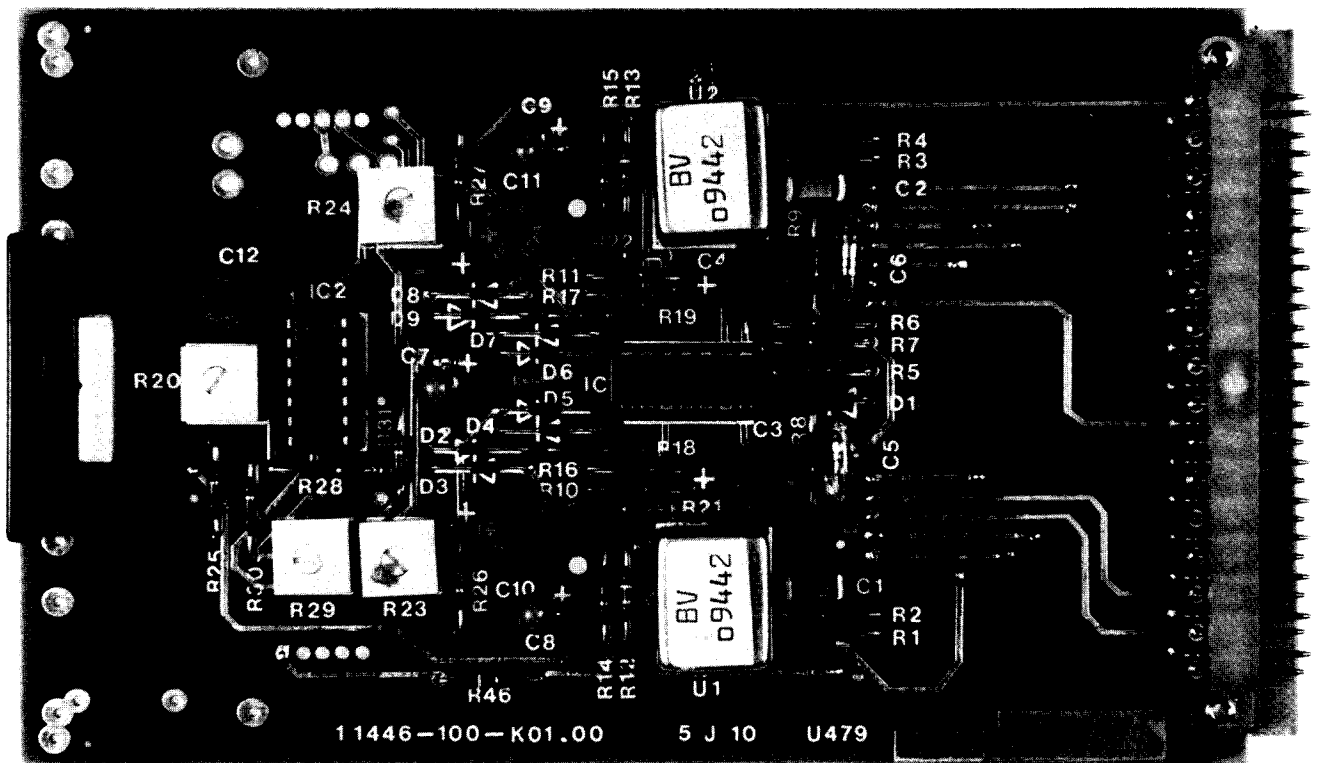
stood as requiring corrective action, a positive indication, regardless of how positive, does not inform about degrees of "compatibility". A full-scale indication, of course, shows that an identical signal appears at each input.

The correlation coefficient "r" is indicated as follows:

No signal at either input	$r = 0$
Signal at only one input	$r = 0$
No correlation between the signals at both inputs	$r = 0$
Signals in phase at both inputs	$r = +1$
Signals out of phase at both inputs	$r = -1$

Due to some cross-talk between the two stereo channels, correlation may be indicated even though one signal is missing. To avoid this, the sensitivity of the U 479 Correlation Coefficient Meter may be set to  $-30\text{ dB}$ ,  $-20\text{ dB}$  or  $-10\text{ dB}$ , as required.

March 1981



U 479 C

There are four versions of the U479 Correlation Coefficient Meter available:

**U 479**, order no. 11446007. Portable metal cabinet with pointer instrument. For ac mains power 117/220V, 50/60Hz.

**U 479 A**, order no. 11446001. B 1 plug-in module with LED indication for console mounting. Operating voltage: +24V dc.

**U 479 B**, order no. 11446013. B 2 plug-in module with panel meter for console mounting. Operating voltage: +24V dc.

**U 479 C**, order no. 11446011. Plug-in PC board. Operating voltage: +24V dc. Requires a separate  $\pm 50 \mu\text{A}$  center-zero panel meter.

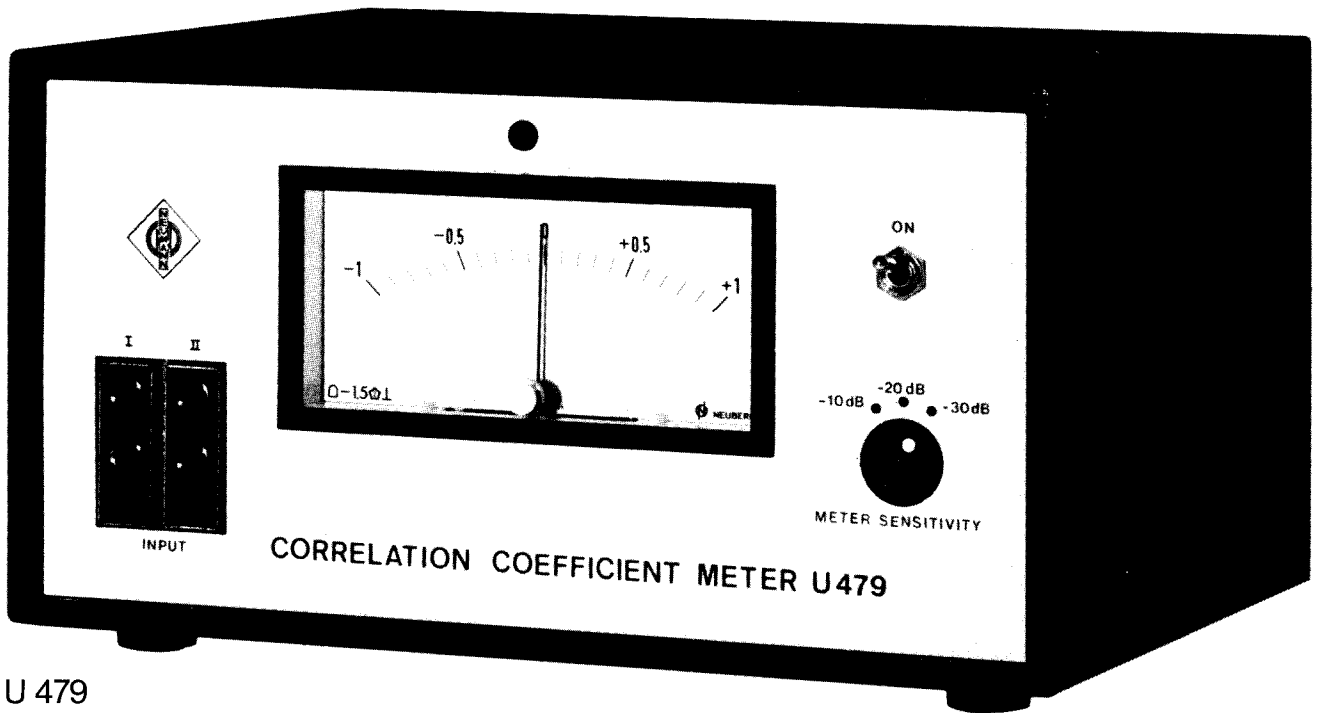
The U479A (order no. 11446001) indicates the correlation coefficient by means of 21 LED's. With in-phase signals applied to both inputs, the indicating LED's light in the green range. If the phases of both input signals differ by more than  $90^\circ$ , the respective correlation coefficient is shown in the red LED range. A yellow LED in the middle lights up when power is switched on, and also indicates uncorrelated signals ( $r = 0$ ). Integration time may be shortened by pressing the FAST button.

**Technical Specifications:**  $0.775V \pm 0dB$   
reference frequency = 1kHz

Frequency range	40Hz...15kHz
Indicating range	$r = -1...0...+1$
Indication resolution	$r = 0.1$
Attack time for 90% indication:	
Version with pointer instrument	approx. 500ms
Version with LED indication	approx. 500ms
with FAST button pressed	approx. 50ms

**Input Specifications:**

Inputs	2, balanced and floating
The input transformers are statically shielded	
Common mode rejection at 15kHz	$\geq 60dB$
Input impedance (40Hz...15kHz)	$\geq 50\text{ kohms}$
Minimum input level required	-30dB
Maximum input level	+22dB
Indicating sensitivity	-30, -20, -10dB switchable



U 479

Correlation coefficient  $r$  as a function of frequency (40Hz...15kHz)

See graph for typical values

input level [dB]	$r$
+ 20... - 10	$\cong 0.9$
+ 20... - 20	$\cong 0.8$
+ 20... - 30	$\cong 0.7$

Parameter: input level + 20... - 30 dB

Sensitivity set for - 30 dB

Signals in phase at inputs I and II

Deviation of the indication  $r = 0$  due to cross-talk  $< 0.1$

Input I (II) + 22 dB, 40 Hz... 15 kHz

Input II (I) terminated in 200 ohms

**Power Supply:**

- U 479, portable version  
for ac mains connection 117/220V  $\pm 10\%$  50-60Hz  
power consumption approx. 0.9VA
- Nominal operating voltage of the module and the plug-in PC board version + 24 V dc  
Permissible operating voltage range + 21... + 28 V dc  
Current consumption at operating voltage + 24 V:  
a) Version with LED indication  $\cong 125$  mA  
b) Version with pointer instrument  $\cong 15$  mA

Ambient operating temperature 0°...50°C

**Weight:**

U 479	approx. 2.3 kg (5 lbs.)
U 479 A	approx. 0.35 kg (0.77 lbs.)
U 479 B	approx. 0.7 kg (1.54 lbs.)
U 479 C	approx. 0.15 kg (0.33 lbs.)

**Dimensions:**

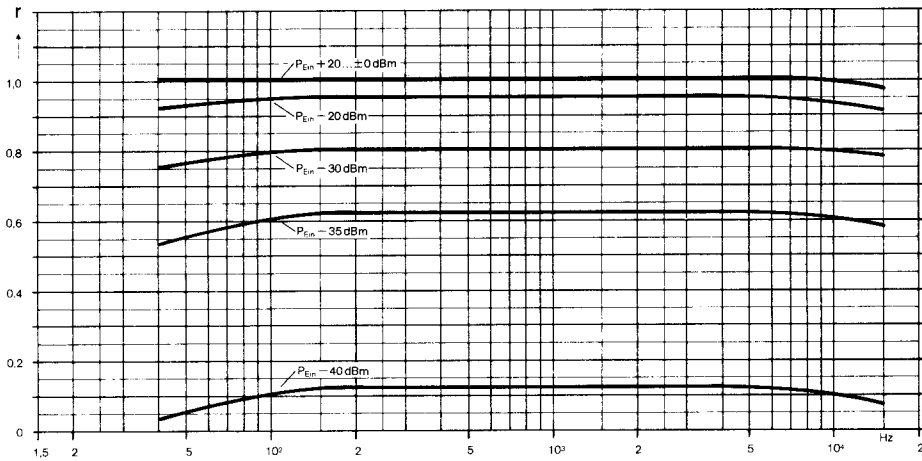
U 479	210 mm (8.3") wide, 120 mm (4.7") high, 160 mm (6.3") deep
U 479 A	B1 plug-in module 40 mm (1.6") wide, 95 mm (3.7") high, 109.5 mm (4.3") deep
U 479 B	B2 plug-in module 80 mm (3.2") wide, 95 mm (3.7") high, 109.5 mm (4.3") deep
U 479 C	plug-in PC board 100 mm (3.9") wide, 160 mm (6.3") long, 32 mm (1.25") deep

**Connectors:**

U 479	2 pcs. 43 206 502 (Kuke) T 3085
U 479 A, U 479 B	T 2700
U 479 C	31-pole male S 31 DIN 41617

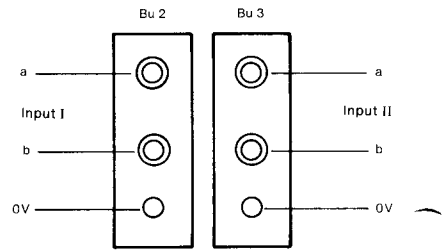
**Mating connectors required:**

U 479	2 pcs. 41 394 521 (Kuke) T 3084
U 479 A, U 479 B	T 2701
U 479 C	31-pole female FL 31 DIN 41617

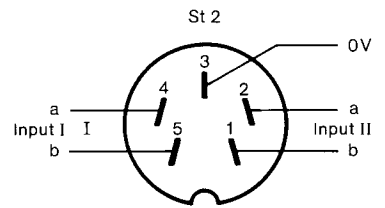


Correlation coefficient  $r$  as a function of frequency, signals in phase at input I and input II. Parameter: input level  $-40 \dots +20 \text{ dBm}$  sensitivity control set for  $-30 \text{ dB}$

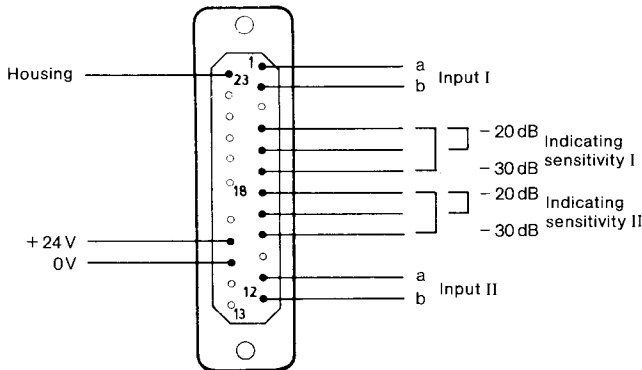
Connections U 479 (11446007)



Correlation coefficient  $r$  as a function of the phase angle difference  $\Delta\varphi$



Connections to U 479A (11446001) and U 479B (11446013)



Connections to U 479C (11446011)

